





## **Purpose**

- Provide an overview of the Freedom of Information Act (FOIA), FOIA regulations, and FOIA exemptions
- Explain TRICARE Management Activity's (TMA) role in implementing FOIA regulations and increasing the Federal Government's openness and transparency



# **Objectives**

- Upon completion of this presentation, you should be able to:
  - Comply with the FOIA statute and apply DoD FOIA policy to facilitate the Open Government Initiative
  - Understand how to mitigate risks and penalties associated with the timely and accurate response of FOIA requests



### What is FOIA?

- FOIA is a law that ensures public access to United States government records
  - FOIA requires agencies make records available to the public unless one of the nine exemptions or one of the three law enforcement exclusions under the Act applies to a particular request
  - FOIA applies to federal agencies and does not create a right of access to records held by Congress, the courts, or by state or local government agencies
  - Each federal agency is responsible for meeting its FOIA obligations



### **Federal Statutes and Regulations**

- FOIA enacted in 1966 (5 U.S.C. § 552) and amended several times
- Openness Promotes Effectiveness in our National (OPEN)
   Government Act of 2007
- President Barack Obama signed two Presidential Memoranda and an Executive Order regarding FOIA and transparency, January 21, 2009
- Attorney General Eric Holder issued a Memorandum directing all Executive Branch departments and agencies to apply a presumption of openness for FOIA, March 15, 2009
- OPEN FOIA Act of 2009: Affects change to Exemption 3 regarding withholding specifically exempt information from disclosure by statute



## **DoD Statutes and Regulations**

- The following DoD policies support the Federal Government's FOIA program:
  - DoD Regulation 5400.7-R, "DoD Freedom of Information Act Program"
  - DoD Directive 5400.07, "DoD Freedom of Information Act Program"



## **FOIA Exemptions**

- TMA may apply one or more of the following exemptions when determining the release of information:
  - (b)(2): CIRCUMVENTION Applies to information that pertains solely to the internal rules and practices of the agency; if document is released, it would allow circumvention of an agency rule, policy, or statute, thereby impeding the agency in the conduct of its mission
  - (b)(3): STATUTORY Applies to information specifically exempted by a statute establishing particular criteria for withholding; the language of the statute must clearly state that the information will not be disclosed



### FOIA Exemptions (continued)

- Exemptions continued:
  - (b)(4): PROPRIETARY Applies to information such as trade secrets and commercial and financial information obtained from a person on a privileged or confidential basis which, if released, would result in competitive harm to the company
  - (b)(5): PRIVILEGED Applies to inter- and intra-agency memoranda which are deliberative in nature; for internal documents which are part of the decision making process, and contain subjective evaluations, opinions and recommendations
  - (b)(6): PRIVATE Applies to information, which, if released, would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of the personal privacy of individuals



### FOIA Exemptions (continued)

- Exemptions continued:
  - (b)(7): LAW ENFORCEMENT Applies to records or information compiled for law enforcement purposes that (A) could reasonably be expected to interfere with law enforcement proceedings; (B) would deprive a person of a right to a fair trial or impartial adjudication; (C) could reasonably be expected to constitute an unwarranted invasion of the personal privacy of others; (D) disclose the identity of a confidential source; (E) disclose investigative techniques and procedures; or (F) could reasonably be expected to endanger the life or physical safety of any individual



# **Open Government Initiative**

- President Obama and the Office of Management and Budget launched the Open Government Initiative on December 8, 2009
  - Objective: To support a more transparent, participative, and collaborative Federal Government
  - Plan of Action: Implement the Open Government Directive requiring each agency to support the Federal Government's presumption of openness



### Open Government Initiative (continued)

- Open Government Cornerstones:
  - Transparency: Promotes accountability by providing the public with information about what the government is doing
  - Participation: Allows members of the public to contribute ideas and expertise so that their government can make policies with the benefit of information that is widely dispersed in society
  - Collaboration: Improves the effectiveness of government by encouraging partnerships and cooperation within the Federal Government, across levels of government, and between the government and private institutions



## Open Government Initiative (continued)

- The Open Government Directive requires that each agency:
  - Publish Government Information Online: Proactively expand access to information by making it available online in open formats, rather than waiting for specific requests under FOIA; reduce FOIA backlog by 10% each year
  - Improve the Quality of Government Information: Designate a high-level senior official to be accountable for the quality and objectivity of, and internal controls over, the federal spending information publicly disseminated



## Open Government Initiative (continued)

- The Open Government Directive requires that each agency (continued):
  - Create and Institutionalize a Culture of Open Government:
     Coordinate efforts to implement existing mandates for federal spending transparency and provide a forum to share best practices on innovative ideas to promote participation and collaboration
  - Create an Enabling Policy Framework for Open Government:
     Identify impediments to open government and to the use of new technologies and clarify guidance and/or propose revisions to such policies to promote greater openness in government



# **TMA and FOIA Requests**

- Each TMA office appointed a FOIA point of contact (POC) for its respective office who is responsible for:
  - Ensuring that the Federal Government actualizes FOIA and related directives, including the timely response to all FOIA requests
  - Mitigating the risks and penalties associated with the lack of communication between the government and the people
  - Submitting a completed Action Memorandum package to the TMA FOIA Office with appropriate forms and documents for release



## **FOIA Requests**

- Forward any FOIA requests that come directly to your office to the TMA FOIA Office for proper dispense and coordination with the designated FOIA POC
  - FOIARequests@tma.osd.mil
  - FOIA requests by individuals for information about themselves are sent to the appropriate Privacy Officer to be processed as a Privacy Act request



# **Summary**

- You should now be able to:
  - Comply with the FOIA statute and apply DoD FOIA policy to facilitate the Open Government Initiative
  - Understand how to mitigate risks and penalties associated with the timely and accurate response of FOIA requests



### Resources

- DoD Regulation 5400.7-R, "DoD Freedom of Information Act Program", September 4, 1998
- "Freedom of Information Act (5 U.S.C. § 552) with Openness Promotes Effectiveness in our National (OPEN) Government Act of 2007", December 12, 2007
- DoD Directive 5400.07, "DoD Freedom of Information Act Program", January 2, 2008
- President Memorandum for the Heads of Executive
   Departments and Agencies "The Freedom of Information Act", January 21, 2009



### Resources (continued)

- Executive Order 13489 "Presidential Records", January 21, 2009
- Attorney General Memorandum for the Heads of Executive Departments and Agencies – "The Freedom of Information Act", March 19, 2009
- To subscribe to the TMA Privacy Office E-News, go to: <a href="http://www.tricare.mil/tma/privacy/mailinglist.aspx">http://www.tricare.mil/tma/privacy/mailinglist.aspx</a>
- E-mail <u>FOIARequests@tma.osd.mil</u> for subject matter questions

